

**Rich countries help poor countries financially to eliminate poverty, but this is not working well. To what extent do you agree or disagree? What are the other factors required to solve this problem?**

The difference between developing and wealthy countries has caused major problems in the world ~~which and~~ impels developed countries to make donations to underdeveloped countries. However, this trend has many weaknesses and in practice, ~~it~~ has not been very successful.

Firstly, the process of foreign aids suffers from poor management. Developed countries usually just give money to poor countries without any control or overseeing/~~oversight~~ and therefore this money may be spent on unnecessary~~ily~~ ways and it is not ~~helpful effective-on to~~ the recipients' financial situation. For instance, every year a huge sum is dedicated to buying useless educational equipment for some African villages, while ~~they~~ even do not have any road to reach.

Secondly, most financial aids are embezzled in third world countries where organized corruption is raging. Sometimes ~~an\_~~ enough/~~sufficient~~ investment and in the right place is made but some hands ~~intrude to interfere in~~ this process and actually steal this money. An exact example of this situation is The US military aids to Afghanistan that ~~has-beenwas~~ stolen. Every year a great part of ~~this-helpsthese aids is~~ vanishes~~ed~~ in Afghanistan without any footprint or ~~goes~~ straight to some radical groups' pocket.

It seems that our plans and projects for helping poor countries have some structural weaknesses and require some modifications. Management means should be changed, and we may need ~~a~~ better monitoring and auditory process to supervise financial aid flows, and it would be a great idea that before giving this tempting money, we endeavour to fight ~~with~~ corruption and embark on some projects to educate talented people about ~~the~~ correct methods ~~of to~~ governing a country.

In conclusion, while it is not ~~an~~ utilitarian strategy that we stop financial assistance to poor countries, according to a Chinese saying which states "give a man a fish and you feed him for a day; teach a man to fish and you feed him for a

lifetime”, changing infrastructure of undeveloped countries and sending some advisers or managers to them could be more profitable.